# Package: jagstargets (via r-universe)

January 15, 2025

Title Targets for JAGS Pipelines

```
Description Bayesian data analysis usually incurs long runtimes and cumbersome custom code. A pipeline toolkit tailored to Bayesian statisticians, the 'jagstargets' R package is leverages 'targets' and 'R2jags' to ease this burden. 'jagstargets' makes it super easy to set up scalable JAGS pipelines that automatically parallelize the computation and skip expensive steps when the results are already up to date. Minimal custom code is required, and there is no need to manually configure branching, so usage is much easier than 'targets' alone. For the underlying methodology, please refer to the documentation of 'targets' <doi:10.21105/joss.02959> and 'JAGS' (Plummer 2003)
```

<a href="https://www.r-project.org/conferences/DSC-2003/Proceedings/Plummer.pdf">https://www.r-project.org/conferences/DSC-2003/Proceedings/Plummer.pdf</a>>.

Version 1.2.3

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```
URL https://docs.ropensci.org/jagstargets/,
    https://github.com/ropensci/jagstargets,
    https://r-multiverse.org/topics/bayesian.html
```

BugReports https://github.com/ropensci/jagstargets/issues

**Depends** R (>= 3.5.0)

**Imports** coda (>= 0.19.4), fst (>= 0.9.2), posterior (>= 1.0.1), purrr (>= 0.3.4), qs2, R2jags (>= 0.6.1), rjags (>= 4.10), rlang (>= 0.4.10), secretbase (>= 0.4.0), stats, targets (>= 1.6.0), tarchetypes (>= 0.8.0), tibble (>= 3.0.1), tidyselect, tools, utils, withr (>= 2.1.2),

**Suggests** dplyr (>= 1.0.2), fs (>= 1.5.0), knitr (>= 1.30), qs (>= 0.23.2), R.utils (>= 2.10.1), rmarkdown (>= 2.3), testthat (>= 3.0.0), tidyr (>= 1.1.2), visNetwork (>= 2.0.9)

**SystemRequirements** JAGS 4.x.y (https://mcmc-jags.sourceforge.net)

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RoxygenNote 7.3.2

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Repository https://r-multiverse-staging.r-universe.dev

RemoteUrl https://github.com/ropensci/jagstargets

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jagstargets-package jagstargets: Targets for JAGS Workflows

# Description

Bayesian data analysis usually incurs long runtimes and cumbersome custom code. A pipeline toolkit tailored to Bayesian statisticians, the jagstargets R package leverages targets and R2jags to ease this burden. jagstargets makes it super easy to set up scalable JAGS pipelines that automatically parallelize the computation and skip expensive steps when the results are already up to date. Minimal custom code is required, and there is no need to manually configure branching, so usage is much easier than targets alone.

## See Also

https://docs.ropensci.org/jagstargets/, tar\_jags()

tar\_jags

One MCMC per model with multiple outputs

## **Description**

Targets to run a JAGS model once with MCMC and save multiple outputs.

## Usage

```
tar_jags(
  name,
  jags_files,
 parameters.to.save,
  data = list(),
  summaries = list(),
  summary_args = list(),
 n.cluster = 1,
 n.chains = 3,
  n.iter = 2000,
  n.burnin = as.integer(n.iter/2),
  n.thin = 1,
  jags.module = c("glm", "dic"),
  inits = NULL,
 RNGname = c("Wichmann-Hill", "Marsaglia-Multicarry", "Super-Duper", "Mersenne-Twister"),
  jags.seed = 1,
  stdout = NULL,
  stderr = NULL,
 progress.bar = "text",
  refresh = 0,
  draws = TRUE,
  summary = TRUE,
  dic = TRUE,
  tidy_eval = targets::tar_option_get("tidy_eval"),
  packages = targets::tar_option_get("packages"),
  library = targets::tar_option_get("library"),
  format = "qs",
  format_df = "fst_tbl",
  repository = targets::tar_option_get("repository"),
  error = targets::tar_option_get("error"),
 memory = targets::tar_option_get("memory"),
  garbage_collection = targets::tar_option_get("garbage_collection"),
  deployment = targets::tar_option_get("deployment"),
  priority = targets::tar_option_get("priority"),
  resources = targets::tar_option_get("resources"),
  storage = targets::tar_option_get("storage"),
  retrieval = targets::tar_option_get("retrieval"),
  cue = targets::tar_option_get("cue"),
```

```
description = targets::tar_option_get("description")
)
```

#### **Arguments**

name Symbol, base name for the collection of targets. Serves as a prefix for target

names.

jags\_files Character vector of JAGS model files. If you supply multiple files, each model

will run on the one shared dataset generated by the code in data. If you supply an unnamed vector, tools::file\_path\_sans\_ext(basename(jags\_files)) will be used as target name suffixes. If jags\_files is a named vector, the

suffixed will come from names(jags\_files).

parameters.to.save

Model parameters to save, passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel().

See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel().

See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel()

help files for details.

data Code to generate the data list for the JAGS model. Optionally include a . join\_data

element to join parts of the data to correspondingly named parameters in the

summary output. See the vignettes for details.

summaries List of summary functions passed to ... in posterior::summarize\_draws()

through \$summary() on the CmdStanFit object.

 $summary\_args \qquad List of summary function arguments passed to .args in posterior::summarize\_draws()$ 

through \$summary() on the CmdStanFit object.

n.cluster Number of parallel processes, passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel().

See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel()

help files for details.

n.chains Number of MCMC chains, passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel().

See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel()

help files for details.

n.iter Number if iterations (including warmup), passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel().

See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel()

help files for details.

n.burnin Number of warmup iterations, passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel().

See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel()

help files for details.

n.thin Thinning interval, passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel().

See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel()

help files for details.

jags.module Character vector of JAGS modules to load, passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel().

See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel()

help files for details.

inits Initial values of model parameters, passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel().

See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel()

help files for details.

help files for details. Seeds to apply to JAGS, passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel(). jags.seed See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel() help files for details. stdout Character of length 1, file path to write the stdout stream of the model when it runs. Set to NULL to print to the console. Set to R.utils::nullfile() to suppress stdout. Does not apply to messages, warnings, or errors. stderr Character of length 1, file path to write the stderr stream of the model when it runs. Set to NULL to print to the console. Set to R.utils::nullfile() to suppress stderr. Does not apply to messages, warnings, or errors. progress.bar Type of progress bar, passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel(). See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel() help files for details. refresh Frequency for refreshing the progress bar, passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel(). See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel() help files for details. draws Logical, whether to create a target for posterior draws. Saves draws as a compressed posterior::as\_draws\_df() tibble. Convenient, but duplicates storage.

Choice of random number generator, passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel(). See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel()

Logical, whether to create a target to store a small data frame of posterior summary statistics and convergence diagnostics.

Logical, whether to create a target with deviance information criterion (DIC)

results.

**RNGname** 

summary

dic

tidy\_eval Logical, whether to enable tidy evaluation when interpreting command and pattern.

If TRUE, you can use the "bang-bang" operator !! to programmatically insert the

values of global objects.

packages Character vector of packages to load right before the target runs or the output

data is reloaded for downstream targets. Use tar\_option\_set() to set pack-

ages globally for all subsequent targets you define.

library Character vector of library paths to try when loading packages.

format Character of length 1, storage format of the non-data-frame targets such as

the JAGS data and any JAGS fit objects. Please choose an all=purpose format such as "qs" or "aws\_qs" rather than a file format like "file" or a data frame format like "parquet". For more on storage formats, see the help file of

targets::tar\_target().

format\_df Character of length 1, storage format of the data frame targets such as poste-

rior draws. We recommend efficient data frame formats such as "feather" or

"aws\_parquet". For more on storage formats, see the help file of targets::tar\_target().

repository Character of length 1, remote repository for target storage. Choices:

• "local": file system of the local machine.

 "aws": Amazon Web Services (AWS) S3 bucket. Can be configured with a non-AWS S3 bucket using the endpoint argument of tar\_resources\_aws(), but versioning capabilities may be lost in doing so. See the cloud storage section of https://books.ropensci.org/targets/data.html for details for instructions.

- "gcp": Google Cloud Platform storage bucket. See the cloud storage section of https://books.ropensci.org/targets/data.html for details for instructions.
- A character string from tar\_repository\_cas() for content-addressable storage.

Note: if repository is not "local" and format is "file" then the target should create a single output file. That output file is uploaded to the cloud and tracked for changes where it exists in the cloud. The local file is deleted after the target runs.

error

Character of length 1, what to do if the target stops and throws an error. Options:

- "stop": the whole pipeline stops and throws an error.
- "continue": the whole pipeline keeps going.
- "null": The errored target continues and returns NULL. The data hash is deliberately wrong so the target is not up to date for the next run of the pipeline. In addition, as of version 1.8.0.9011, a value of NULL is given to upstream dependencies with error = "null" if loading fails.
- "abridge": any currently running targets keep running, but no new targets launch after that.
- "trim": all currently running targets stay running. A queued target is allowed to start if:
  - 1. It is not downstream of the error, and
  - 2. It is not a sibling branch from the same tar\_target() call (if the error happened in a dynamic branch).

The idea is to avoid starting any new work that the immediate error impacts. error = "trim" is just like error = "abridge", but it allows potentially healthy regions of the dependency graph to begin running. (Visit https://books.ropensci.org/targets/debugging.html to learn how to debug targets using saved workspaces.)

memory

Character of length 1, memory strategy. Possible values:

- "auto": new in targets version 1.8.0.9011, memory = "auto" is equivalent to memory = "transient" for dynamic branching (a non-null pattern argument) and memory = "persistent" for targets that do not use dynamic branching.
- "persistent": the target stays in memory until the end of the pipeline (unless storage is "worker", in which case targets unloads the value from memory right after storing it in order to avoid sending copious data over a network).
- "transient": the target gets unloaded after every new target completes. Either way, the target gets automatically loaded into memory whenever another target needs the value.

For cloud-based dynamic files (e.g. format = "file" with repository = "aws"), the memory option applies to the temporary local copy of the file: "persistent" means it remains until the end of the pipeline and is then deleted, and "transient" means it gets deleted as soon as possible. The former conserves bandwidth, and the latter conserves local storage.

garbage\_collection

Logical: TRUE to run base::gc() just before the target runs, FALSE to omit garbage collection. In the case of high-performance computing, gc() runs both locally and on the parallel worker. All this garbage collection is skipped if the actual target is skipped in the pipeline. Non-logical values of garbage\_collection are converted to TRUE or FALSE using isTRUE(). In other words, non-logical values are converted FALSE. For example, garbage\_collection = 2 is equivalent to garbage\_collection = FALSE.

deployment

Character of length 1. If deployment is "main", then the target will run on the central controlling R process. Otherwise, if deployment is "worker" and you set up the pipeline with distributed/parallel computing, then the target runs on a parallel worker. For more on distributed/parallel computing in targets, please visit https://books.ropensci.org/targets/crew.html.

priority

Numeric of length 1 between 0 and 1. Controls which targets get deployed first when multiple competing targets are ready simultaneously. Targets with priorities closer to 1 get dispatched earlier (and polled earlier in tar\_make\_future()).

resources

Object returned by tar\_resources() with optional settings for high-performance computing functionality, alternative data storage formats, and other optional capabilities of targets. See tar\_resources() for details.

storage

Character string to control when the output of the target is saved to storage. Only relevant when using targets with parallel workers (https://books.ropensci.org/targets/crew.html). Must be one of the following values:

- "main": the target's return value is sent back to the host machine and saved/uploaded locally.
- "worker": the worker saves/uploads the value.
- "none": targets makes no attempt to save the result of the target to storage in the location where targets expects it to be. Saving to storage is the responsibility of the user. Use with caution.

retrieval

Character string to control when the current target loads its dependencies into memory before running. (Here, a "dependency" is another target upstream that the current one depends on.) Only relevant when using targets with parallel workers (https://books.ropensci.org/targets/crew.html). Must be one of the following values:

- "main": the target's dependencies are loaded on the host machine and sent to the worker before the target runs.
- "worker": the worker loads the target's dependencies.
- "none": targets makes no attempt to load its dependencies. With retrieval = "none", loading dependencies is the responsibility of the user. Use with caution.

cue

An optional object from tar\_cue() to customize the rules that decide whether the target is up to date.

description

Character of length 1, a custom free-form human-readable text description of the target. Descriptions appear as target labels in functions like tar\_manifest() and tar\_visnetwork(), and they let you select subsets of targets for the names argument of functions like tar\_make(). For example, tar\_manifest(names = tar\_described\_as(starts\_with("survival model"))) lists all the targets whose descriptions start with the character string "survival model".

#### **Details**

The MCMC targets use R2jags::jags() if n.cluster is 1 and R2jags::jags.parallel() otherwise. Most arguments to tar\_jags() are forwarded to these functions.

#### Value

tar\_jags() returns list of target objects. See the "Target objects" section for background. The target names use the name argument as a prefix, and the individual elements of jags\_files appear in the suffixes where applicable. As an example, the specific target objects returned by tar\_jags(name = x, jags\_files = "y.jags", ...) returns a list of targets::tar\_target() objects:

- x\_file\_y: reproducibly track the JAGS model file. Returns a character vector of length 1 with the path to the JAGS model file.
- x\_lines\_y: read the contents of the JAGS model file for safe transport to parallel workers. Returns a character vector of lines in the model file.
- x\_data: run the R expression in the data argument to produce a JAGS dataset for the model. Returns a JAGS data list.
- x\_mcmc\_y: run MCMC on the model and dataset. Returns an rjags object from R2jags with all the MCMC results.
- x\_draws\_y: extract posterior samples from x\_mcmc\_y. Returns a tidy data frame of MCMC draws. Omitted if draws = FALSE.
- x\_summary\_y: extract posterior summaries from x\_mcmc\_y. Returns a tidy data frame of MCMC draws. Omitted if summary = FALSE.
- x\_dic: extract deviance information criterion (DIC) info from x\_mcmc\_y. Returns a tidy data frame of DIC info. Omitted if dic = FALSE.

#### Target objects

Most stantargets functions are target factories, which means they return target objects or lists of target objects. Target objects represent skippable steps of the analysis pipeline as described at https://books.ropensci.org/targets/. Please read the walkthrough at https://books.ropensci.org/targets/walkthrough.html to understand the role of target objects in analysis pipelines.

For developers, https://wlandau.github.io/targetopia/contributing.html#target-factories explains target factories (functions like this one which generate targets) and the design specification at https://books.ropensci.org/targets-design/ details the structure and composition of target objects.

## **Examples**

```
if (identical(Sys.getenv("TAR_JAGS_EXAMPLES"), "true")) {
targets::tar_dir({ # tar_dir() runs code from a temporary directory.
targets::tar_script({
library(jagstargets)
# Do not use a temp file for a real project
# or else your targets will always rerun.
tmp <- tempfile(pattern = "", fileext = ".jags")</pre>
tar_jags_example_file(tmp)
list(
  tar_jags(
   your_model,
    jags_files = tmp,
   data = tar_jags_example_data(),
   parameters.to.save = "beta",
   stdout = R.utils::nullfile(),
    stderr = R.utils::nullfile()
  )
)
}, ask = FALSE)
targets::tar_make()
})
```

tar\_jags\_example\_data Simulate example JAGS data.

## **Description**

An example dataset compatible with the model file from tar\_jags\_example\_file(). The output has a . join\_data element so the true value of beta from the simulation is automatically appended to the beta rows of the summary output.

## Usage

```
tar_jags_example_data(n = 10L)
```

# **Arguments** n

Integer of length 1, number of data points.

## **Format**

A list with the following elements:

- n: integer, number of data points.
- x: numeric, covariate vector.
- y: numeric, response variable.

- true\_beta: numeric of length 1, value of the regression coefficient beta used in simulation.
- .join\_data: a list of simulated values to be appended to as a .join\_data column in the output of targets generated by functions such as tar\_jags\_rep\_summary(). Contains the regression coefficient beta (numeric of length 1) and prior predictive data y (numeric vector).

#### Details

The tar\_jags\_example\_data() function draws a JAGS dataset from the prior predictive distribution of the model from tar\_jags\_example\_file(). First, the regression coefficient beta is drawn from its standard normal prior, and the covariate x is computed. Then, conditional on the beta draws and the covariate, the response vector y is drawn from its Normal(x \* beta, 1) likelihood.

## Value

List, dataset compatible with the model file from tar\_jags\_example\_file(). The output has a .join\_data element so the true value of beta from the simulation is automatically appended to the beta rows of the summary output.

## **Examples**

```
tar_jags_example_data()
```

```
tar_jags_example_file Write an example JAGS model file.
```

## **Description**

Overwrites the file at path with a built-in example JAGS model file.

#### Usage

```
tar_jags_example_file(path = tempfile(pattern = "", fileext = ".jags"))
```

## **Arguments**

path

Character of length 1, file path to write the model file.

#### Value

```
NULL (invisibly).
```

#### **Examples**

```
path <- tempfile(pattern = "", fileext = ".jags")
tar_jags_example_file(path = path)
writeLines(readLines(path))</pre>
```

tar\_jags\_rep\_dic

Tidy DIC output from multiple MCMCs per model

## **Description**

Run multiple MCMCs on simulated datasets and return DIC and the effective number of parameters for each run.

## Usage

```
tar_jags_rep_dic(
  name,
  jags_files,
 parameters.to.save,
  data = list(),
  batches = 1L,
  reps = 1L,
  combine = TRUE,
  n.cluster = 1,
  n.chains = 3,
  n.iter = 2000,
  n.burnin = as.integer(n.iter/2),
  n.thin = 1,
  jags.module = c("glm", "dic"),
  inits = NULL,
 RNGname = c("Wichmann-Hill", "Marsaglia-Multicarry", "Super-Duper", "Mersenne-Twister"),
  jags.seed = NULL,
  stdout = NULL,
  stderr = NULL,
  progress.bar = "text",
  refresh = 0,
  tidy_eval = targets::tar_option_get("tidy_eval"),
  packages = targets::tar_option_get("packages"),
  library = targets::tar_option_get("library"),
  format = "qs",
  format_df = "fst_tbl",
  repository = targets::tar_option_get("repository"),
  error = targets::tar_option_get("error"),
 memory = targets::tar_option_get("memory"),
  garbage_collection = targets::tar_option_get("garbage_collection"),
  deployment = targets::tar_option_get("deployment"),
  priority = targets::tar_option_get("priority"),
  resources = targets::tar_option_get("resources"),
  storage = targets::tar_option_get("storage"),
  retrieval = targets::tar_option_get("retrieval"),
  cue = targets::tar_option_get("cue"),
  description = targets::tar_option_get("description")
```

)

## **Arguments**

name Symbol, base name for the collection of targets. Serves as a prefix for target

names.

Character vector of JAGS model files. If you supply multiple files, each model jags\_files

will run on the one shared dataset generated by the code in data. If you supply an unnamed vector, tools::file\_path\_sans\_ext(basename(jags\_files)) will be used as target name suffixes. If jags\_files is a named vector, the

suffixed will come from names(jags\_files).

parameters.to.save

Model parameters to save, passed to R2 jags::jags() or R2 jags::jags.parallel().

See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel()

help files for details.

data Code to generate the data list for the JAGS model. Optionally include a . join\_data

element to join parts of the data to correspondingly named parameters in the

summary output. See the vignettes for details.

batches Number of batches. Each batch runs a model reps times.

Number of replications per batch. Ideally, each rep should produce its own reps

random dataset using the code supplied to data.

combine Logical, whether to create a target to combine all the model results into a single

data frame downstream. Convenient, but duplicates data.

n.cluster Number of parallel processes, passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel().

See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel()

help files for details.

n.chains Number of MCMC chains, passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel().

See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel()

help files for details.

n.iter Number if iterations (including warmup), passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel().

See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel()

help files for details.

n.burnin Number of warmup iterations, passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel().

See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel()

help files for details.

n.thin Thinning interval, passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel().

See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel()

help files for details.

Character vector of JAGS modules to load, passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel(). jags.module

See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel()

help files for details.

inits Initial values of model parameters, passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel().

See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel()

help files for details.

**RNGname** 

See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel() help files for details. The jags.seed argument of the tar\_jags\_rep\*() functions is deprecated. See jags.seed the "Seeds" section for details. Character of length 1, file path to write the stdout stream of the model when stdout it runs. Set to NULL to print to the console. Set to R.utils::nullfile() to suppress stdout. Does not apply to messages, warnings, or errors. stderr Character of length 1, file path to write the stderr stream of the model when it runs. Set to NULL to print to the console. Set to R.utils::nullfile() to suppress stderr. Does not apply to messages, warnings, or errors. Type of progress bar, passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel(). progress.bar See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel() help files for details. refresh Frequency for refreshing the progress bar, passed to R2 jags::jags() or R2 jags::jags.parallel(). See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel() help files for details. tidy\_eval Logical, whether to enable tidy evaluation when interpreting command and pattern. If TRUE, you can use the "bang-bang" operator !! to programmatically insert the values of global objects. Character vector of packages to load right before the target runs or the output packages data is reloaded for downstream targets. Use tar\_option\_set() to set packages globally for all subsequent targets you define. library Character vector of library paths to try when loading packages. format Character of length 1, storage format of the data frames of posterior summaries and other data frames returned by targets. We recommend efficient data frame formats such as "feather" or "aws\_parquet". For more on storage formats, see the help file of targets::tar\_target(). format df Character of length 1, storage format of the data frame targets such as posterior draws. We recommend efficient data frame formats such as "feather" or "aws\_parquet". For more on storage formats, see the help file of targets::tar\_target(). Character of length 1, remote repository for target storage. Choices: repository • "local": file system of the local machine. • "aws": Amazon Web Services (AWS) S3 bucket. Can be configured with a non-AWS S3 bucket using the endpoint argument of tar\_resources\_aws(), but versioning capabilities may be lost in doing so. See the cloud storage section of https://books.ropensci.org/targets/data.html for

Choice of random number generator, passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel().

- details for instructions.
- "gcp": Google Cloud Platform storage bucket. See the cloud storage section of https://books.ropensci.org/targets/data.html for details for instructions.
- A character string from tar\_repository\_cas() for content-addressable storage.

Note: if repository is not "local" and format is "file" then the target should create a single output file. That output file is uploaded to the cloud and tracked for changes where it exists in the cloud. The local file is deleted after the target runs.

error

Character of length 1, what to do if the target stops and throws an error. Options:

- "stop": the whole pipeline stops and throws an error.
- "continue": the whole pipeline keeps going.
- "null": The errored target continues and returns NULL. The data hash is deliberately wrong so the target is not up to date for the next run of the pipeline. In addition, as of version 1.8.0.9011, a value of NULL is given to upstream dependencies with error = "null" if loading fails.
- "abridge": any currently running targets keep running, but no new targets launch after that.
- "trim": all currently running targets stay running. A queued target is allowed to start if:
  - 1. It is not downstream of the error, and
  - 2. It is not a sibling branch from the same tar\_target() call (if the error happened in a dynamic branch).

The idea is to avoid starting any new work that the immediate error impacts. error = "trim" is just like error = "abridge", but it allows potentially healthy regions of the dependency graph to begin running. (Visit https://books.ropensci.org/targets/debugging.html to learn how to debug targets using saved workspaces.)

 ${\tt memory}$ 

Character of length 1, memory strategy. Possible values:

- "auto": new in targets version 1.8.0.9011, memory = "auto" is equivalent to memory = "transient" for dynamic branching (a non-null pattern argument) and memory = "persistent" for targets that do not use dynamic branching.
- "persistent": the target stays in memory until the end of the pipeline (unless storage is "worker", in which case targets unloads the value from memory right after storing it in order to avoid sending copious data over a network).
- "transient": the target gets unloaded after every new target completes. Either way, the target gets automatically loaded into memory whenever another target needs the value.

For cloud-based dynamic files (e.g. format = "file" with repository = "aws"), the memory option applies to the temporary local copy of the file: "persistent" means it remains until the end of the pipeline and is then deleted, and "transient" means it gets deleted as soon as possible. The former conserves bandwidth, and the latter conserves local storage.

#### garbage\_collection

Logical: TRUE to run base::gc() just before the target runs, FALSE to omit garbage collection. In the case of high-performance computing, gc() runs both locally and on the parallel worker. All this garbage collection is skipped if the actual target is skipped in the pipeline. Non-logical values of garbage\_collection

are converted to TRUE or FALSE using isTRUE(). In other words, non-logical values are converted FALSE. For example, garbage\_collection = 2 is equivalent to garbage\_collection = FALSE.

deployment

Character of length 1. If deployment is "main", then the target will run on the central controlling R process. Otherwise, if deployment is "worker" and you set up the pipeline with distributed/parallel computing, then the target runs on a parallel worker. For more on distributed/parallel computing in targets, please visit https://books.ropensci.org/targets/crew.html.

priority

Numeric of length 1 between 0 and 1. Controls which targets get deployed first when multiple competing targets are ready simultaneously. Targets with priorities closer to 1 get dispatched earlier (and polled earlier in tar\_make\_future()).

resources

Object returned by tar\_resources() with optional settings for high-performance computing functionality, alternative data storage formats, and other optional capabilities of targets. See tar\_resources() for details.

storage

Character string to control when the output of the target is saved to storage. Only relevant when using targets with parallel workers (https://books.ropensci.org/targets/crew.html). Must be one of the following values:

- "main": the target's return value is sent back to the host machine and saved/uploaded locally.
- "worker": the worker saves/uploads the value.
- "none": targets makes no attempt to save the result of the target to storage in the location where targets expects it to be. Saving to storage is the responsibility of the user. Use with caution.

retrieval

Character string to control when the current target loads its dependencies into memory before running. (Here, a "dependency" is another target upstream that the current one depends on.) Only relevant when using targets with parallel workers (https://books.ropensci.org/targets/crew.html). Must be one of the following values:

- "main": the target's dependencies are loaded on the host machine and sent to the worker before the target runs.
- "worker": the worker loads the target's dependencies.
- "none": targets makes no attempt to load its dependencies. With retrieval = "none", loading dependencies is the responsibility of the user. Use with caution.

cue

An optional object from tar\_cue() to customize the rules that decide whether the target is up to date.

 ${\tt description}$ 

Character of length 1, a custom free-form human-readable text description of the target. Descriptions appear as target labels in functions like tar\_manifest() and tar\_visnetwork(), and they let you select subsets of targets for the names argument of functions like tar\_make(). For example, tar\_manifest(names = tar\_described\_as(starts\_with("survival model"))) lists all the targets whose descriptions start with the character string "survival model".

#### **Details**

The MCMC targets use R2jags::jags() if n.cluster is 1 and R2jags::jags.parallel() otherwise. Most arguments to tar\_jags() are forwarded to these functions.

#### Value

tar\_jags\_rep\_dic() returns list of target objects. See the "Target objects" section for background. The target names use the name argument as a prefix, and the individual elements of jags\_files appear in the suffixes where applicable. As an example, the specific target objects returned by tar\_jags\_rep\_dic(name = x, jags\_files = "y.jags") are as follows.

- x\_file\_y: reproducibly track the JAGS model file. Returns a character vector of length 1 with the path to the JAGS model file.
- x\_lines\_y: read the contents of the JAGS model file for safe transport to parallel workers. Returns a character vector of lines in the model file.
- x\_data: use dynamic branching to generate multiple JAGS datasets from the R expression in the data argument. Each dynamic branch returns a batch of JAGS data lists.
- x\_y: run JAGS on each dataset from x\_data. Each dynamic branch returns a tidy data frame of DIC results for each batch of data.
- x: combine all the batches from x\_y into a non-dynamic target. Suppressed if combine is FALSE. Returns a long tidy data frame with all DIC info from all the branches of x\_y.

#### Seeds

Rep-specific random number generator seeds for the data and models are automatically set based on the batch, rep, parent target name, and tar\_option\_get("seed"). This ensures the rep-specific seeds do not change when you change the batching configuration (e.g. 40 batches of 10 reps each vs 20 batches of 20 reps each). Each data seed is in the .seed list element of the output, and each JAGS seed is in the .seed column of each JAGS model output.

## Target objects

Most stantargets functions are target factories, which means they return target objects or lists of target objects. Target objects represent skippable steps of the analysis pipeline as described at https://books.ropensci.org/targets/. Please read the walkthrough at https://books.ropensci.org/targets/walkthrough.html to understand the role of target objects in analysis pipelines.

For developers, https://wlandau.github.io/targetopia/contributing.html#target-factories explains target factories (functions like this one which generate targets) and the design specification at https://books.ropensci.org/targets-design/ details the structure and composition of target objects.

## **Examples**

```
if (identical(Sys.getenv("TAR_JAGS_EXAMPLES"), "true")) {
  targets::tar_dir({ # tar_dir() runs code from a temporary directory.
  targets::tar_script({
    library(jagstargets)
    # Do not use a temp file for a real project
    # or else your targets will always rerun.
    tmp <- tempfile(pattern = "", fileext = ".jags")
    tar_jags_example_file(tmp)
    list(</pre>
```

```
tar_jags_rep_dic(
  your_model,
  jags_files = tmp,
  data = tar_jags_example_data(),
  parameters.to.save = "beta",
  batches = 2,
  reps = 2,
  stdout = R.utils::nullfile(),
  stderr = R.utils::nullfile()
)
)
}, ask = FALSE)
targets::tar_make()
})
}
```

tar\_jags\_rep\_draws

Tidy posterior draws from multiple MCMCs per model

## **Description**

Run multiple MCMCs on simulated datasets and return posterior samples and the effective number of parameters for each run.

# Usage

```
tar_jags_rep_draws(
  name,
  jags_files,
 parameters.to.save,
  data = list(),
 batches = 1L,
  reps = 1L,
  transform = NULL,
  combine = FALSE,
 n.cluster = 1,
 n.chains = 3,
  n.iter = 2000,
  n.burnin = as.integer(n.iter/2),
 n.thin = 1,
  jags.module = c("glm", "dic"),
  inits = NULL,
 RNGname = c("Wichmann-Hill", "Marsaglia-Multicarry", "Super-Duper", "Mersenne-Twister"),
  jags.seed = NULL,
  stdout = NULL,
  stderr = NULL,
 progress.bar = "text",
  refresh = 0,
```

```
tidy_eval = targets::tar_option_get("tidy_eval"),
  packages = targets::tar_option_get("packages"),
  library = targets::tar_option_get("library"),
  format = "qs",
  format_df = "fst_tbl",
  repository = targets::tar_option_get("repository"),
  error = targets::tar_option_get("error"),
 memory = "transient",
  garbage_collection = targets::tar_option_get("garbage_collection"),
  deployment = targets::tar_option_get("deployment"),
 priority = targets::tar_option_get("priority"),
 resources = targets::tar_option_get("resources"),
  storage = targets::tar_option_get("storage"),
  retrieval = targets::tar_option_get("retrieval"),
  cue = targets::tar_option_get("cue"),
  description = targets::tar_option_get("description")
)
```

### **Arguments**

Symbol, base name for the collection of targets. Serves as a prefix for target name

names.

jags\_files Character vector of JAGS model files. If you supply multiple files, each model

will run on the one shared dataset generated by the code in data. If you supply an unnamed vector, tools::file\_path\_sans\_ext(basename(jags\_files)) will be used as target name suffixes. If jags\_files is a named vector, the

suffixed will come from names(jags\_files).

parameters.to.save

Model parameters to save, passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel().

See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel()

help files for details.

data Code to generate the data list for the JAGS model. Optionally include a . join\_data

element to join parts of the data to correspondingly named parameters in the

summary output. See the vignettes for details.

batches Number of batches. Each batch runs a model reps times.

Number of replications per batch. Ideally, each rep should produce its own reps

random dataset using the code supplied to data.

transform Symbol or NULL, name of a function that accepts arguments data and draws

and returns a data frame. Here, data is the JAGS data list supplied to the model, and draws is a data frame with one column per model parameter and one row per posterior sample. Any arguments other than data and draws must have valid default values because jagstargets will not populate them. See the simulation-based calibration discussion thread at https://github.com/

ropensci/jagstargets/discussions/31 for an example.

combine Logical, whether to create a target to combine all the model results into a single

data frame downstream. Convenient, but duplicates data.

n.cluster	Number of parallel processes, passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel(). See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel() help files for details.
n.chains	Number of MCMC chains, passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel(). See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel() help files for details.
n.iter	Number if iterations (including warmup), passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel(). See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel() help files for details.
n.burnin	Number of warmup iterations, passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel(). See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel() help files for details.
n.thin	Thinning interval, passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel(). See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel() help files for details.
jags.module	Character vector of JAGS modules to load, passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel(). See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel() help files for details.
inits	Initial values of model parameters, passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel(). See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel() help files for details.
RNGname	Choice of random number generator, passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel(). See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel() help files for details.
jags.seed	The jags.seed argument of the tar_jags_rep*() functions is deprecated. See the "Seeds" section for details.
stdout	Character of length 1, file path to write the stdout stream of the model when it runs. Set to NULL to print to the console. Set to R.utils::nullfile() to suppress stdout. Does not apply to messages, warnings, or errors.
stderr	Character of length 1, file path to write the stderr stream of the model when it runs. Set to NULL to print to the console. Set to R.utils::nullfile() to suppress stderr. Does not apply to messages, warnings, or errors.
progress.bar	Type of progress bar, passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel(). See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel() help files for details.
refresh	Frequency for refreshing the progress bar, passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel(). See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel() help files for details.
tidy_eval	Logical, whether to enable tidy evaluation when interpreting command and pattern. If TRUE, you can use the "bang-bang" operator !! to programmatically insert the values of global objects.
packages	Character vector of packages to load right before the target runs or the output data is reloaded for downstream targets. Use tar_option_set() to set packages globally for all subsequent targets you define.

library

Character vector of library paths to try when loading packages.

format

Character of length 1, storage format of the data frames of posterior summaries and other data frames returned by targets. We recommend efficient data frame formats such as "feather" or "aws\_parquet". For more on storage formats, see the help file of targets::tar\_target().

format\_df

Character of length 1, storage format of the data frame targets such as posterior draws. We recommend efficient data frame formats such as "feather" or "aws\_parquet". For more on storage formats, see the help file of targets::tar\_target().

repository

Character of length 1, remote repository for target storage. Choices:

- "local": file system of the local machine.
- "aws": Amazon Web Services (AWS) S3 bucket. Can be configured with a non-AWS S3 bucket using the endpoint argument of tar\_resources\_aws(), but versioning capabilities may be lost in doing so. See the cloud storage section of https://books.ropensci.org/targets/data.html for details for instructions.
- "gcp": Google Cloud Platform storage bucket. See the cloud storage section of https://books.ropensci.org/targets/data.html for details for instructions.
- A character string from tar\_repository\_cas() for content-addressable storage.

Note: if repository is not "local" and format is "file" then the target should create a single output file. That output file is uploaded to the cloud and tracked for changes where it exists in the cloud. The local file is deleted after the target runs.

error

Character of length 1, what to do if the target stops and throws an error. Options:

- "stop": the whole pipeline stops and throws an error.
- "continue": the whole pipeline keeps going.
- "null": The errored target continues and returns NULL. The data hash is deliberately wrong so the target is not up to date for the next run of the pipeline. In addition, as of version 1.8.0.9011, a value of NULL is given to upstream dependencies with error = "null" if loading fails.
- "abridge": any currently running targets keep running, but no new targets launch after that.
- "trim": all currently running targets stay running. A queued target is allowed to start if:
  - 1. It is not downstream of the error, and
  - 2. It is not a sibling branch from the same tar\_target() call (if the error happened in a dynamic branch).

The idea is to avoid starting any new work that the immediate error impacts. error = "trim" is just like error = "abridge", but it allows potentially healthy regions of the dependency graph to begin running. (Visit https://books.ropensci.org/targets/debugging.html to learn how to debug targets using saved workspaces.)

memory

Character of length 1, memory strategy. Possible values:

> • "auto": new in targets version 1.8.0.9011, memory = "auto" is equivalent to memory = "transient" for dynamic branching (a non-null pattern argument) and memory = "persistent" for targets that do not use dynamic branching.

- "persistent": the target stays in memory until the end of the pipeline (unless storage is "worker", in which case targets unloads the value from memory right after storing it in order to avoid sending copious data over a network).
- "transient": the target gets unloaded after every new target completes. Either way, the target gets automatically loaded into memory whenever another target needs the value.

For cloud-based dynamic files (e.g. format = "file" with repository = "aws"), the memory option applies to the temporary local copy of the file: "persistent" means it remains until the end of the pipeline and is then deleted, and "transient" means it gets deleted as soon as possible. The former conserves bandwidth, and the latter conserves local storage.

garbage\_collection

Logical: TRUE to run base::gc() just before the target runs, FALSE to omit garbage collection. In the case of high-performance computing, gc() runs both locally and on the parallel worker. All this garbage collection is skipped if the actual target is skipped in the pipeline. Non-logical values of garbage\_collection are converted to TRUE or FALSE using isTRUE(). In other words, non-logical values are converted FALSE. For example, garbage\_collection = 2 is equivalent to garbage\_collection = FALSE.

Character of length 1. If deployment is "main", then the target will run on the central controlling R process. Otherwise, if deployment is "worker" and you set up the pipeline with distributed/parallel computing, then the target runs on a parallel worker. For more on distributed/parallel computing in targets, please visit https://books.ropensci.org/targets/crew.html.

priority

Numeric of length 1 between 0 and 1. Controls which targets get deployed first when multiple competing targets are ready simultaneously. Targets with priorities closer to 1 get dispatched earlier (and polled earlier in tar\_make\_future()).

resources

Object returned by tar\_resources() with optional settings for high-performance computing functionality, alternative data storage formats, and other optional capabilities of targets. See tar\_resources() for details.

Character string to control when the output of the target is saved to storage. Only relevant when using targets with parallel workers (https://books. ropensci.org/targets/crew.html). Must be one of the following values:

- "main": the target's return value is sent back to the host machine and saved/uploaded locally.
- "worker": the worker saves/uploads the value.
- "none": targets makes no attempt to save the result of the target to storage in the location where targets expects it to be. Saving to storage is the responsibility of the user. Use with caution.

retrieval

Character string to control when the current target loads its dependencies into memory before running. (Here, a "dependency" is another target upstream that

deployment

storage

the current one depends on.) Only relevant when using targets with parallel workers (https://books.ropensci.org/targets/crew.html). Must be one of the following values:

- "main": the target's dependencies are loaded on the host machine and sent to the worker before the target runs.
- "worker": the worker loads the target's dependencies.
- "none": targets makes no attempt to load its dependencies. With retrieval = "none", loading dependencies is the responsibility of the user. Use with caution.

cue

An optional object from tar\_cue() to customize the rules that decide whether the target is up to date.

description

Character of length 1, a custom free-form human-readable text description of the target. Descriptions appear as target labels in functions like tar\_manifest() and tar\_visnetwork(), and they let you select subsets of targets for the names argument of functions like tar\_make(). For example, tar\_manifest(names = tar\_described\_as(starts\_with("survival model"))) lists all the targets whose descriptions start with the character string "survival model".

#### **Details**

The MCMC targets use R2jags::jags() if n.cluster is 1 and R2jags::jags.parallel() otherwise. Most arguments to tar\_jags() are forwarded to these functions.

#### Value

tar\_jags\_rep\_draws() returns list of target objects. See the "Target objects" section for background. The target names use the name argument as a prefix, and the individual elements of jags\_files appear in the suffixes where applicable. As an example, the specific target objects returned by tar\_jags\_rep\_dic(name = x, jags\_files = "y.jags") are as follows.

- x\_file\_y: reproducibly track the JAGS model file. Returns a character vector of length 1 with the path to the JAGS model file.
- x\_lines\_y: read the contents of the JAGS model file for safe transport to parallel workers. Returns a character vector of lines in the model file.
- x\_data: use dynamic branching to generate multiple JAGS datasets from the R expression in the data argument. Each dynamic branch returns a batch of JAGS data lists.
- x\_y: run JAGS on each dataset from x\_data. Each dynamic branch returns a tidy data frame
  of draws for each batch of data.
- x: combine all the batches from x\_y into a non-dynamic target. Suppressed if combine is FALSE. Returns a long tidy data frame with all draws from all the branches of x\_y.

#### Seeds

Rep-specific random number generator seeds for the data and models are automatically set based on the batch, rep, parent target name, and tar\_option\_get("seed"). This ensures the rep-specific seeds do not change when you change the batching configuration (e.g. 40 batches of 10 reps each vs 20 batches of 20 reps each). Each data seed is in the .seed list element of the output, and each JAGS seed is in the .seed column of each JAGS model output.

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## Target objects

Most stantargets functions are target factories, which means they return target objects or lists of target objects. Target objects represent skippable steps of the analysis pipeline as described at https://books.ropensci.org/targets/. Please read the walkthrough at https://books.ropensci.org/targets/walkthrough.html to understand the role of target objects in analysis pipelines.

For developers, https://wlandau.github.io/targetopia/contributing.html#target-factories explains target factories (functions like this one which generate targets) and the design specification at https://books.ropensci.org/targets-design/ details the structure and composition of target objects.

## **Examples**

```
if (identical(Sys.getenv("TAR_JAGS_EXAMPLES"), "true")) {
targets::tar_dir({ # tar_dir() runs code from a temporary directory.
targets::tar_script({
library(jagstargets)
# Do not use a temp file for a real project
# or else your targets will always rerun.
tmp <- tempfile(pattern = "", fileext = ".jags")</pre>
tar_jags_example_file(tmp)
list(
  tar_jags_rep_draws(
   your_model,
    jags_files = tmp,
    data = tar_jags_example_data(),
    parameters.to.save = "beta",
    batches = 2,
    reps = 2,
    stdout = R.utils::nullfile(),
    stderr = R.utils::nullfile()
  )
)
}, ask = FALSE)
targets::tar_make()
})
}
```

 $tar\_jags\_rep\_summary \quad \textit{Tidy posterior summaries from multiple MCMCs per model}$ 

## **Description**

Run multiple MCMCs on simulated datasets and return posterior summaries and the effective number of parameters for each run.

## Usage

```
tar_jags_rep_summary(
  name,
  jags_files,
  parameters.to.save,
  data = list(),
  variables = NULL,
  summaries = NULL,
  summary_args = NULL,
  batches = 1L,
  reps = 1L,
  combine = TRUE,
 n.cluster = 1,
 n.chains = 3,
  n.iter = 2000,
  n.burnin = as.integer(n.iter/2),
  n.thin = 1,
  jags.module = c("glm", "dic"),
  inits = NULL,
 RNGname = c("Wichmann-Hill", "Marsaglia-Multicarry", "Super-Duper", "Mersenne-Twister"),
  jags.seed = NULL,
  stdout = NULL,
  stderr = NULL,
  progress.bar = "text",
  refresh = 0,
  tidy_eval = targets::tar_option_get("tidy_eval"),
  packages = targets::tar_option_get("packages"),
  library = targets::tar_option_get("library"),
  format = "qs",
  format_df = "fst_tbl",
  repository = targets::tar_option_get("repository"),
  error = targets::tar_option_get("error"),
 memory = "transient",
  garbage_collection = targets::tar_option_get("garbage_collection"),
  deployment = targets::tar_option_get("deployment"),
  priority = targets::tar_option_get("priority"),
  resources = targets::tar_option_get("resources"),
  storage = targets::tar_option_get("storage"),
  retrieval = targets::tar_option_get("retrieval"),
  cue = targets::tar_option_get("cue"),
  description = targets::tar_option_get("description")
)
```

## **Arguments**

name Symbol, base name for the collection of targets. Serves as a prefix for target names.

jags\_files Character vector of JAGS model files. If you supply multiple files, each model

will run on the one shared dataset generated by the code in data. If you supply an unnamed vector, tools::file\_path\_sans\_ext(basename(jags\_files)) will be used as target name suffixes. If jags\_files is a named vector, the suffixed will come from names(jags\_files).

parameters.to.save

Model parameters to save, passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel(). See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel() help files for details.

data Code to generate the data list for the JAGS model. Optionally include a . join\_data element to join parts of the data to correspondingly named parameters in the summary output. See the vignettes for details.

> Character vector of model parameter names. The output posterior summaries are restricted to these variables.

summaries List of summary functions passed to ... in posterior::summarize\_draws() through \$summary() on the CmdStanFit object.

summary\_args List of summary function arguments passed to .args in posterior::summarize\_draws() through \$summary() on the CmdStanFit object.

batches Number of batches. Each batch runs a model reps times.

reps Number of replications per batch. Ideally, each rep should produce its own random dataset using the code supplied to data.

combine Logical, whether to create a target to combine all the model results into a single data frame downstream. Convenient, but duplicates data.

n.cluster Number of parallel processes, passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel(). See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel() help files for details.

> Number of MCMC chains, passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel(). See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel() help files for details.

Number if iterations (including warmup), passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel(). See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel() help files for details.

Number of warmup iterations, passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel(). See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel() help files for details.

Thinning interval, passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel(). See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel() help files for details.

Character vector of JAGS modules to load, passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel(). See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel()

help files for details.

Initial values of model parameters, passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel(). See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel() help files for details.

variables

n.chains

n.iter

n.thin

n.burnin

jags.module

inits

RNGname Choice of random number generator, passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel().

See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel()

help files for details.

jags.seed The jags.seed argument of the tar\_jags\_rep\*() functions is deprecated. See

the "Seeds" section for details.

stdout Character of length 1, file path to write the stdout stream of the model when

it runs. Set to NULL to print to the console. Set to R.utils::nullfile() to

suppress stdout. Does not apply to messages, warnings, or errors.

stderr Character of length 1, file path to write the stderr stream of the model when

it runs. Set to NULL to print to the console. Set to R.utils::nullfile() to

suppress stderr. Does not apply to messages, warnings, or errors.

progress.bar Type of progress bar, passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel().

See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel()

help files for details.

refresh Frequency for refreshing the progress bar, passed to R2jags::jags() or R2jags::jags.parallel().

See the argument documentation of the R2jags::jags() and R2jags::jags.parallel()

help files for details.

tidy\_eval Logical, whether to enable tidy evaluation when interpreting command and pattern.

If TRUE, you can use the "bang-bang" operator !! to programmatically insert the

values of global objects.

packages Character vector of packages to load right before the target runs or the output

data is reloaded for downstream targets. Use tar\_option\_set() to set pack-

ages globally for all subsequent targets you define.

library Character vector of library paths to try when loading packages.

format Character of length 1, storage format of the data frames of posterior summaries

and other data frames returned by targets. We recommend efficient data frame formats such as "feather" or "aws\_parquet". For more on storage formats,

see the help file of targets::tar\_target().

format\_df Character of length 1, storage format of the data frame targets such as poste-

rior draws. We recommend efficient data frame formats such as "feather" or

"aws\_parquet". For more on storage formats, see the help file of targets::tar\_target().

repository Character of length 1, remote repository for target storage. Choices:

• "local": file system of the local machine.

• "aws": Amazon Web Services (AWS) S3 bucket. Can be configured with a non-AWS S3 bucket using the endpoint argument of tar\_resources\_aws(), but versioning capabilities may be lost in doing so. See the cloud storage section of https://books.ropensci.org/targets/data.html for

details for instructions.

• "gcp": Google Cloud Platform storage bucket. See the cloud storage section of https://books.ropensci.org/targets/data.html for details for

instructions.

• A character string from tar\_repository\_cas() for content-addressable storage.

Note: if repository is not "local" and format is "file" then the target should create a single output file. That output file is uploaded to the cloud and tracked for changes where it exists in the cloud. The local file is deleted after the target runs.

error

Character of length 1, what to do if the target stops and throws an error. Options:

- "stop": the whole pipeline stops and throws an error.
- "continue": the whole pipeline keeps going.
- "null": The errored target continues and returns NULL. The data hash is deliberately wrong so the target is not up to date for the next run of the pipeline. In addition, as of version 1.8.0.9011, a value of NULL is given to upstream dependencies with error = "null" if loading fails.
- "abridge": any currently running targets keep running, but no new targets launch after that.
- "trim": all currently running targets stay running. A queued target is allowed to start if:
  - 1. It is not downstream of the error, and
  - 2. It is not a sibling branch from the same tar\_target() call (if the error happened in a dynamic branch).

The idea is to avoid starting any new work that the immediate error impacts. error = "trim" is just like error = "abridge", but it allows potentially healthy regions of the dependency graph to begin running. (Visit https://books.ropensci.org/targets/debugging.html to learn how to debug targets using saved workspaces.)

memory

Character of length 1, memory strategy. Possible values:

- "auto": new in targets version 1.8.0.9011, memory = "auto" is equivalent to memory = "transient" for dynamic branching (a non-null pattern argument) and memory = "persistent" for targets that do not use dynamic branching.
- "persistent": the target stays in memory until the end of the pipeline (unless storage is "worker", in which case targets unloads the value from memory right after storing it in order to avoid sending copious data over a network).
- "transient": the target gets unloaded after every new target completes.
   Either way, the target gets automatically loaded into memory whenever another target needs the value.

For cloud-based dynamic files (e.g. format = "file" with repository = "aws"), the memory option applies to the temporary local copy of the file: "persistent" means it remains until the end of the pipeline and is then deleted, and "transient" means it gets deleted as soon as possible. The former conserves bandwidth, and the latter conserves local storage.

#### garbage\_collection

Logical: TRUE to run base::gc() just before the target runs, FALSE to omit garbage collection. In the case of high-performance computing, gc() runs both locally and on the parallel worker. All this garbage collection is skipped if the actual target is skipped in the pipeline. Non-logical values of garbage\_collection

are converted to TRUE or FALSE using isTRUE(). In other words, non-logical values are converted FALSE. For example, garbage\_collection = 2 is equivalent to garbage\_collection = FALSE.

deployment

Character of length 1. If deployment is "main", then the target will run on the central controlling R process. Otherwise, if deployment is "worker" and you set up the pipeline with distributed/parallel computing, then the target runs on a parallel worker. For more on distributed/parallel computing in targets, please visit https://books.ropensci.org/targets/crew.html.

priority

Numeric of length 1 between 0 and 1. Controls which targets get deployed first when multiple competing targets are ready simultaneously. Targets with priorities closer to 1 get dispatched earlier (and polled earlier in tar\_make\_future()).

resources

Object returned by tar\_resources() with optional settings for high-performance computing functionality, alternative data storage formats, and other optional capabilities of targets. See tar\_resources() for details.

storage

Character string to control when the output of the target is saved to storage. Only relevant when using targets with parallel workers (https://books.ropensci.org/targets/crew.html). Must be one of the following values:

- "main": the target's return value is sent back to the host machine and saved/uploaded locally.
- "worker": the worker saves/uploads the value.
- "none": targets makes no attempt to save the result of the target to storage in the location where targets expects it to be. Saving to storage is the responsibility of the user. Use with caution.

retrieval

Character string to control when the current target loads its dependencies into memory before running. (Here, a "dependency" is another target upstream that the current one depends on.) Only relevant when using targets with parallel workers (https://books.ropensci.org/targets/crew.html). Must be one of the following values:

- "main": the target's dependencies are loaded on the host machine and sent to the worker before the target runs.
- "worker": the worker loads the target's dependencies.
- "none": targets makes no attempt to load its dependencies. With retrieval = "none", loading dependencies is the responsibility of the user. Use with caution.

cue

An optional object from tar\_cue() to customize the rules that decide whether the target is up to date.

description

Character of length 1, a custom free-form human-readable text description of the target. Descriptions appear as target labels in functions like tar\_manifest() and tar\_visnetwork(), and they let you select subsets of targets for the names argument of functions like tar\_make(). For example, tar\_manifest(names = tar\_described\_as(starts\_with("survival model"))) lists all the targets whose descriptions start with the character string "survival model".

## Details

The MCMC targets use R2jags::jags() if n.cluster is 1 and R2jags::jags.parallel() otherwise. Most arguments to tar\_jags() are forwarded to these functions.

#### Value

tar\_jags\_rep\_summary() returns list of target objects. See the "Target objects" section for background. The target names use the name argument as a prefix, and the individual elements of jags\_files appear in the suffixes where applicable. As an example, the specific target objects returned by tar\_jags\_rep\_dic(name = x, jags\_files = "y.jags") are as follows.

- x\_file\_y: reproducibly track the JAGS model file. Returns a character vector of length 1 with the path to the JAGS model file.
- x\_lines\_y: read the contents of the JAGS model file for safe transport to parallel workers. Returns a character vector of lines in the model file.
- x\_data: use dynamic branching to generate multiple JAGS datasets from the R expression in the data argument. Each dynamic branch returns a batch of JAGS data lists.
- x\_y: run JAGS on each dataset from x\_data. Each dynamic branch returns a tidy data frame of summaries for each batch of data.
- x: combine all the batches from x\_y into a non-dynamic target. Suppressed if combine is FALSE. Returns a long tidy data frame with all summaries from all the branches of x\_y.

#### Seeds

Rep-specific random number generator seeds for the data and models are automatically set based on the batch, rep, parent target name, and tar\_option\_get("seed"). This ensures the rep-specific seeds do not change when you change the batching configuration (e.g. 40 batches of 10 reps each vs 20 batches of 20 reps each). Each data seed is in the .seed list element of the output, and each JAGS seed is in the .seed column of each JAGS model output.

## Target objects

Most stantargets functions are target factories, which means they return target objects or lists of target objects. Target objects represent skippable steps of the analysis pipeline as described at https://books.ropensci.org/targets/. Please read the walkthrough at https://books.ropensci.org/targets/walkthrough.html to understand the role of target objects in analysis pipelines.

For developers, https://wlandau.github.io/targetopia/contributing.html#target-factories explains target factories (functions like this one which generate targets) and the design specification at https://books.ropensci.org/targets-design/ details the structure and composition of target objects.

## **Examples**

```
if (identical(Sys.getenv("TAR_JAGS_EXAMPLES"), "true")) {
  targets::tar_dir({ # tar_dir() runs code from a temporary directory.
  targets::tar_script({
    library(jagstargets)
    # Do not use a temp file for a real project
    # or else your targets will always rerun.
    tmp <- tempfile(pattern = "", fileext = ".jags")
    tar_jags_example_file(tmp)
    list(</pre>
```

```
tar_jags_rep_summary(
   your_model,
   jags_files = tmp,
   data = tar_jags_example_data(),
   parameters.to.save = "beta",
   batches = 2,
   reps = 2,
   stdout = R.utils::nullfile(),
   stderr = R.utils::nullfile()
)
)
}, ask = FALSE)
targets::tar_make()
})
}
```

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